Q-9

Form (Rev. January 2005)
Department of the Treasury

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

THE PLANE	1010110 09 100		
on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)	,	
	Laurence J. Miraalia		
ä	Business name, if different from above		
Print or type Specific instructions or			6
	Check appropriate box: ☐ Individual/		Exempt from backup withholding
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)	
	7 Woolevtown road		
	City, state, and ZIP code		
	Morganuille, NJ 07751		
Ø)	List account number(s) here (optional)		
88			
Partel Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)			
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid Social security number			
your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TIN on page 3.			
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number			
to enter.			
Partell Certification			
Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:			
1. The number shown on this form is my correct texpayer identification number (or I am walting for a number to be issued to me), and			
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal			
Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has			
notified me that i am no longer subject to backup withholding, and			
3. I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien).			
Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply.			
For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement			
arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must			
provide your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 4.)			
Sign		41/2 1	. •
Here	Dete I	<u> 7/20/</u>	2_/
Purpose of Form			

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS, must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TiN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

- U.S. person. Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:
- Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
- Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

For federal tax purposes you are considered a person if you are:

- An individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States, or

Any estate (other than a foreign estate) or trust. See
Regulations sections 301,7701-6(a) and 7(a) for additional
information.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Allens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident allen who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the recipient has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

if you are a U.S. resident allen who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
- 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.